



Humanitarian Response

September 2025



جمعية الهلال الأحمر الفلسطيني

مستشفى الأمل

Palestine Red Crescent Society

Al-Amal Hospital

Gaza

Strip

Humanitarian Situation in September:

- Continued bombardment and killings using various methods and means, including airstrikes, artillery, and explosive-laden robots that wipe out entire residential blocks, in addition to deliberate starvation, have all led to a sharp increase in numbers of martyrs and injuries, including amputations, burns, and permanent disabilities.
- The continued Israeli threat to evacuate various areas of the Gaza Strip, along with the increase in forced evacuation orders has confined more than two million Palestinians to an area of less than 45 square kilometers. According to OCHA, 88% of Gaza's territory is now designated as Israeli military zones or under evacuation orders.
- The crossings have been closed for more than 200 consecutive days (currently operating only partially, with humanitarian aid blocked and entry limited to certain commercial goods). This has forced humanitarian organizations to suspend operations due to lack of suitable conditions, deepening the catastrophe and famine.
- What reaches the Gaza Strip falls far short of minimum needs and is often distributed without organization or respect for human dignity. Occupation forces compel aid trucks to undergo so-called "self-distribution" which does not guarantee fair distribution of aid amid widespread famine and growing basic needs.
- Targeting civilians waiting for aid on their way to or near the so-called distribution centers since 27 May 2025 has resulted in 2,294 martyrs and 16,839 injuries reported in hospitals, in addition to dozens missing, according to the Palestinian Ministry of Health.
- Intensifying hunger and malnutrition among all segments of society due to the systematic starvation policy practiced by the occupation authorities, with an increasing number of deaths reported daily. According to the World Health Organization, 185 deaths due to malnutrition were recorded in August.
- The water crisis (both for domestic use and drinking) continues across all governorates of the Gaza Strip, particularly in Gaza governorate, in particular due to the Israeli occupation's destruction of infrastructure and water networks.
- Airdropped aid poses a threat to civilians' lives and has resulted in the deaths and injuries of many. This method also violates humanitarian principles, as the distribution is unfair and excludes the most vulnerable and needy groups, in addition to failing to meet the massive needs within the Strip.
- Near-total paralysis in various essential sectors, most notably the healthcare sector, which is facing total collapse. Many hospitals and clinics have ceased operations due to direct destruction, lack of fuel and basic supplies, or being located within evacuation zones.
- Systematic targeting of humanitarian workers, absence of any real protection for them, and obstruction and delay of their humanitarian missions.

Key Events of the PRCS in September:

- On September 2, Disaster Risk Management teams began establishing IDPs center in Deir Al-Balah, in the central Gaza Strip, to help accommodate families displaced from the northern governorates following the onset of military operations there.
- On September 13, the occupation forces issued several evacuation orders IDPs centers in the vicinity of Al-Quds Hospital and the administrative headquarters, forcing civilians to flee toward the front of the PRCS building. That same day, Tel-Al-Hawa neighborhood witnessed a large wave of displacement as a result of the targeting of many residential homes and buildings in the area.
- On September 14, the Emergency Operations Room team in the Gaza Strip was forced to relocate from its headquarters in Gaza city to Khan Younis Governorate after the intensified attacks around the office made it increasingly difficult to operate under such complex conditions.
- On September 22, The occupation forces advanced into the streets surrounding Al-Quds Hospital, restricting movement to and from the facility. Since that date, all movements have required prior coordination through the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC).
- On September 22, the electricity generator at Al-Quds Hospital suffered a sudden malfunction, forcing staff to rely on the backup generator for six days, while rationing electricity use and suspending some services, particularly as the occupation refused coordination requests to bring in a replacement generator.
- On September 23, The oxygen generation plant inside Al-Quds Hospital was hit by gunfire during an incursion by the occupation forces around the hospital, causing it to cease operations and forcing reliance on pre-filled oxygen cylinders.
- On September 27, three staff members at Al-Quds Hospital were injured with shrapnel when the occupation forces targeted the facility while they were working in the internal pharmacy department on the fourth floor. They were transferred for treatment, and their conditions were described as minor.
- On September 28, the occupation forces allowed a team from the PRCS to enter Al-Quds Hospital to carry out maintenance on the oxygen generation plant and to install a replacement electricity generator, after five consecutive days of rejected coordination requests.

Key Events of the PRCs in September:

- During the siege of Al-Quds Hospital, 3 coordination operations were carried out to maintain the oxygen generation plant, bring in a replacement generator, and rotate hospital staff. The EMS teams also conducted two coordination operations to evacuate 3 patients through Karem Abu Salem crossing, while the occupation forces rejected dozens of field coordination requests to save the lives of patients and injured in targeted and invaded areas.
- Throughout September, Al-Mawasi Hospital received hundreds of patients and companions weekly in preparation for their evacuation through Karem Abu Salem crossing, in coordination with the World Health Organization (WHO).



● Health



Emergency Medical Services

- The teams evacuated (303) martyrs.
- They provided first aid services to approximately (7,266) cases, including injuries from shelling and emergency medical conditions.
- The teams assisted in the medical evacuation of (18) patients and injured in addition to their (18) companions for specialized treatment abroad.



303

Martyrs



7,266

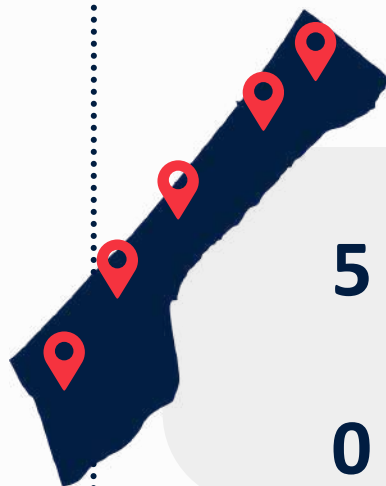
Injuries and emergency
medical cases





Medical points & clinics

Providing healthcare and emergency services to communities through these clinics and medical points.



Number of Clinics and Medical Points in the Gaza Strip



123,056

Beneficiaries

5 Gaza governorate **0** North Gaza governorate

4 Khan Younis governorate

0 Rafah governorate **6** Central governorate





Hospitals:

Providing secondary and tertiary emergency care services to affected communities.

► Al-Quds Hospital (Gaza governorate):

Emergency cases, including surgeries: **8,704**

Support services: **11,698**

► Al-Amal Hospital (Khan Younis governorate):

Emergency cases, including surgeries: **17,312**

Support services: **21,574**



Field Hospitals:

Al Saraya Field Hospital Gaza governorate

8,254

Emergency cases,
including surgeries

18,312

Support
services

Al-Mawasi Field Hospital Khan Younis governorate

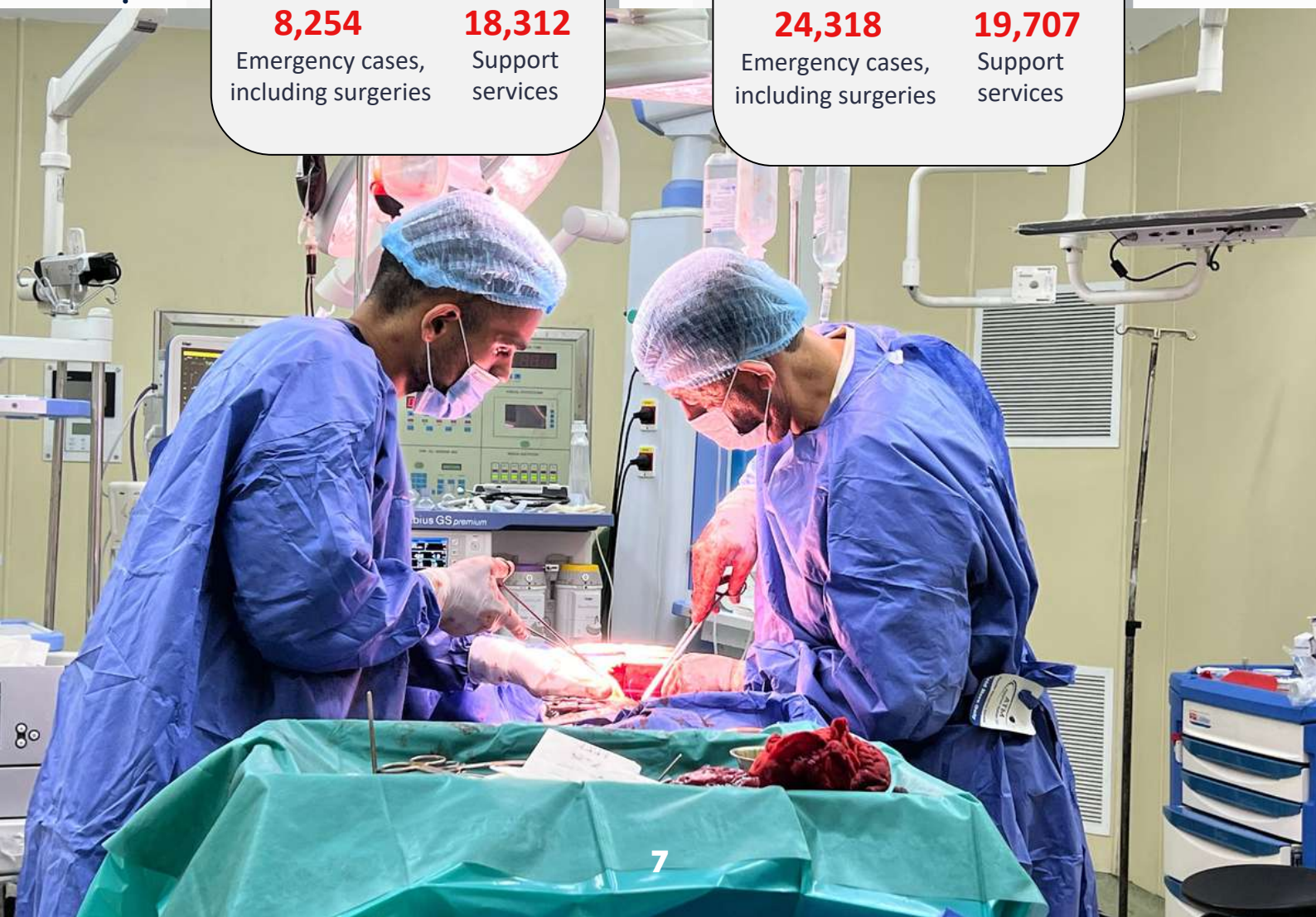
(started operating on 18 June 2025)

24,318

Emergency cases,
including surgeries

19,707

Support
services





Psychosocial Support

PRCS teams provide psychosocial support services and psychological first aid to affected individuals in hospitals, PRCS IDPs centers and other centers distributed across the Gaza Strip. These services also target the PRCS staff and volunteers.



29,230
Beneficiaries

Including:



9,236



9,138



10,856



● Emergency and Disaster Management

Relief and Risk Reduction

Providing immediate and urgent relief assistance to communities.

0 food items distributed

0 relief items distributed

0 hot meals distributed



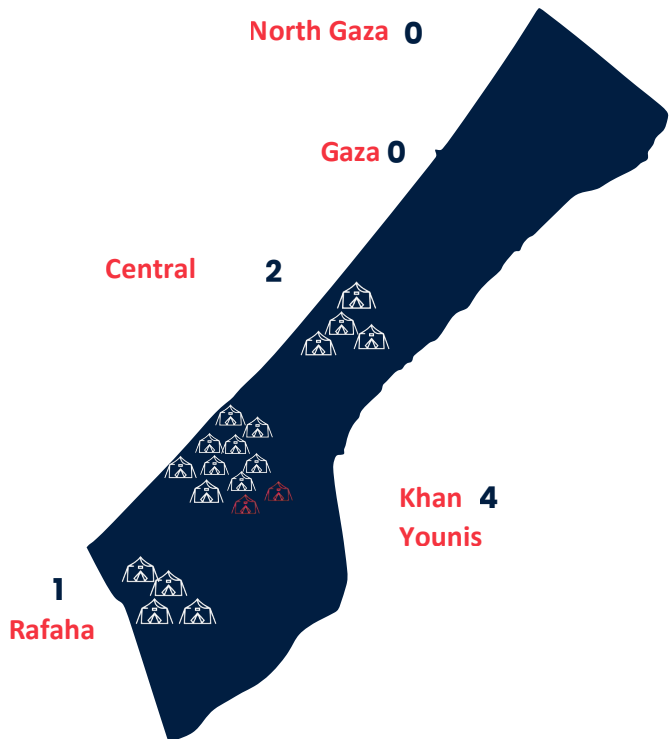
Shelters

These centers accommodate approximately (3,508) individuals.

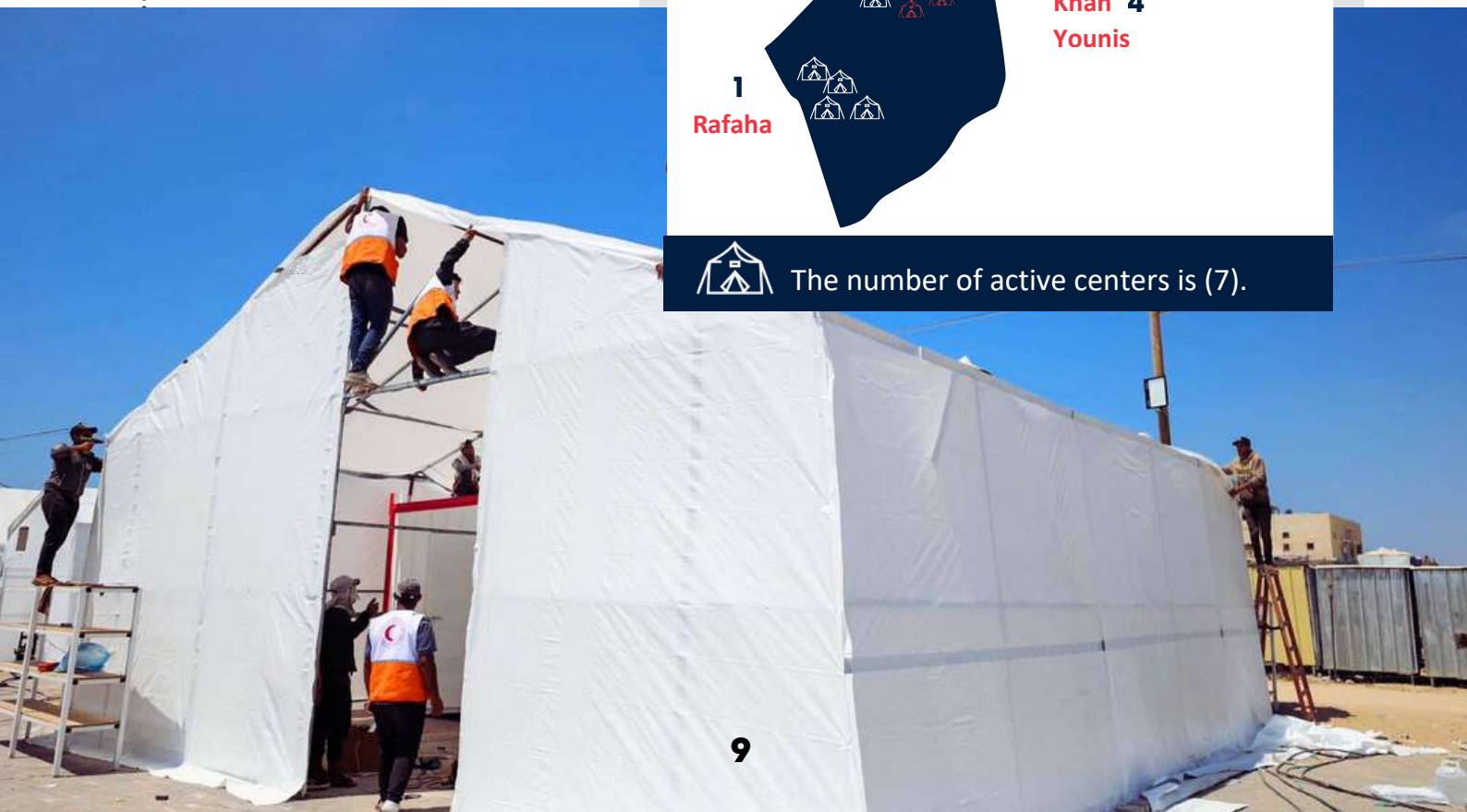
PRCS teams provide the following services to families residing in these shelter centers:

- Health and medical services, as well as psychosocial support
- Sanitation and water services
- Lighting and energy services

IDPs Centers



The number of active centers is (7).





Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene

Affected communities are provided with safe drinking water, access to save and inclusive sanitation facilities and hygiene supplies

- In cooperation with the German Red Cross, PRCS teams distributed approximately 570,000 liters of drinkable water to displaced persons in the Gaza and the Central Governorates.
- The actual daily production of the four water treatment plants in Gaza and Khan Younis reached approximately 80,000 liters of treated water. These plants are unable to function at full capacity due to various logistical and operational constraints (The full capacity production of the 4 is 160,000 liters).

0

Dignity
Parcels

4

Water
desalination
plants

0

Hygiene
Parcels

64

Mobile Toilets



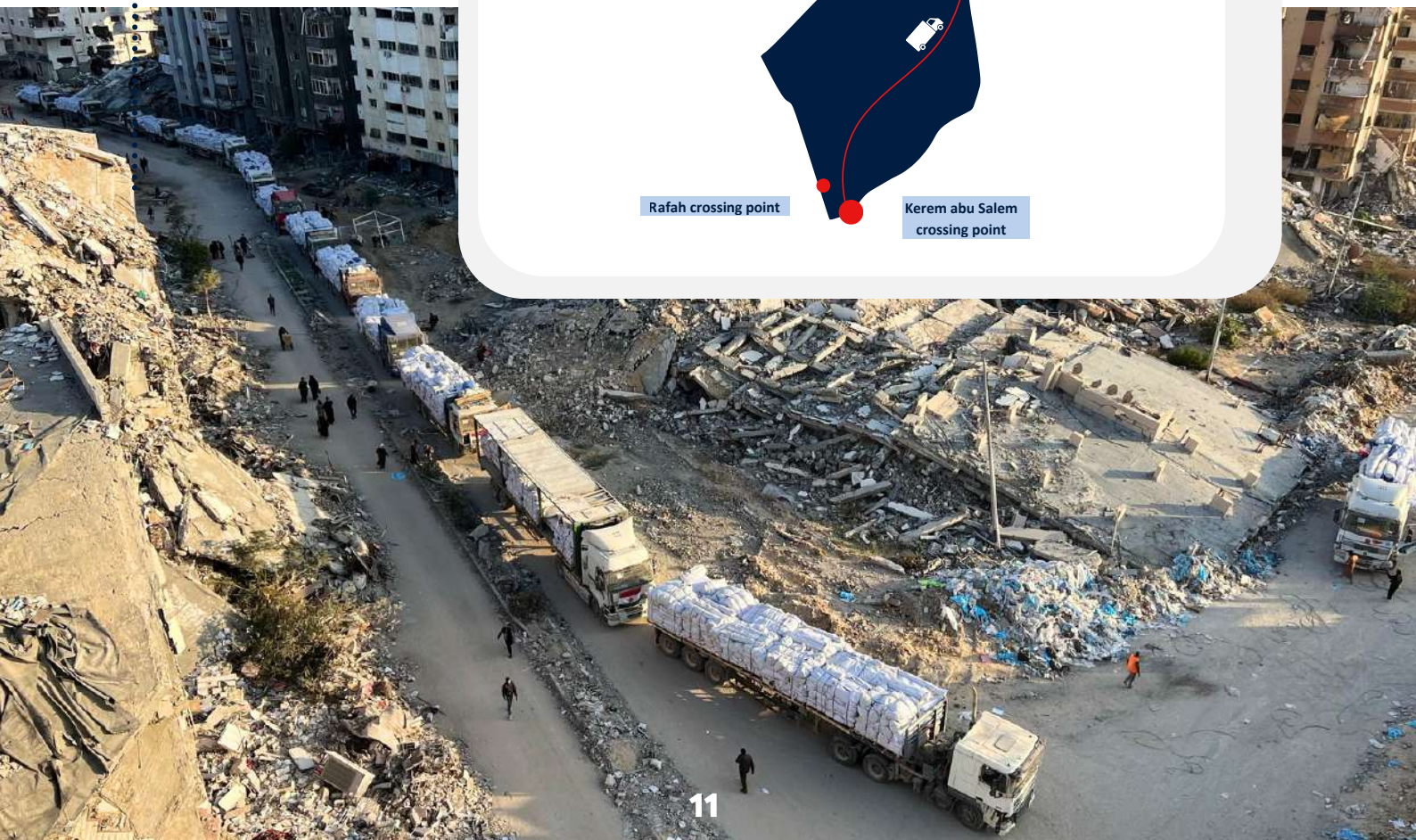
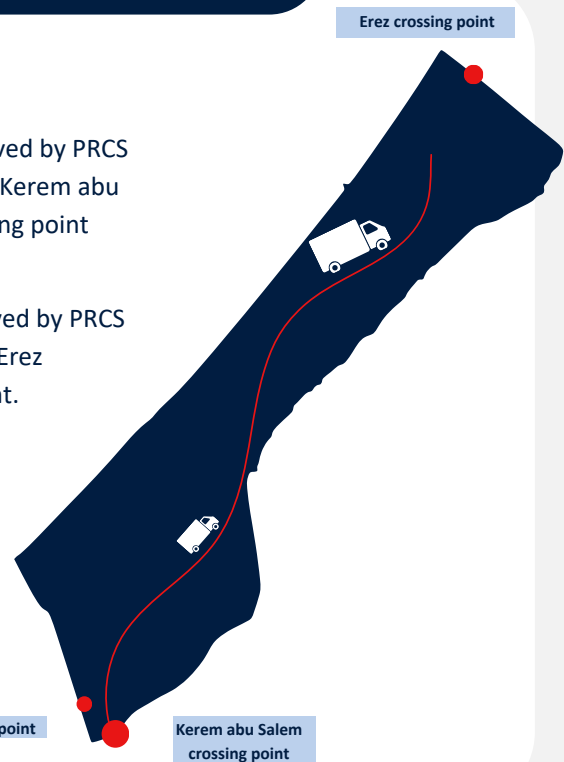


Relief Aid Trucks

- PRCS has not received any relief aid trucks during the reporting period.
- Not receiving any aid trucks since March 2025 has severely impacted PRCS's response operations, due to acute shortage of medical supplies and fuel, and the depletion of food and relief stock.

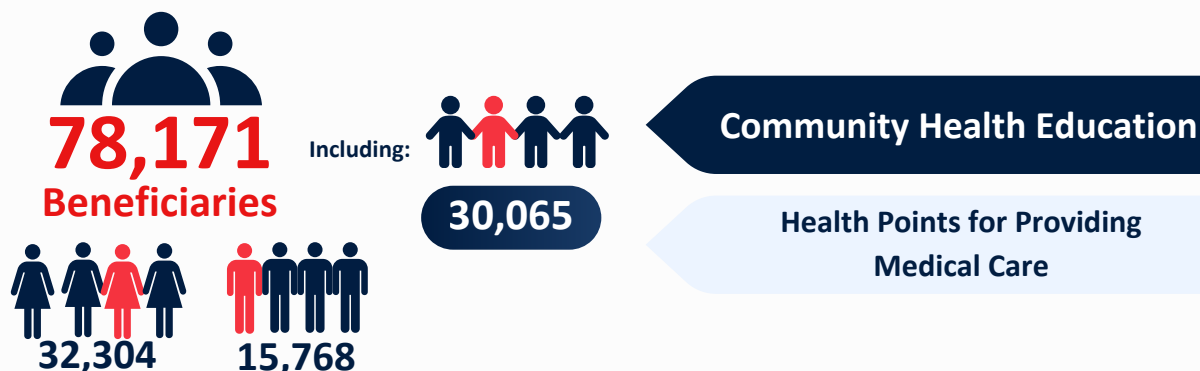
Aid Trucks

- 0 Trucks received by PRCS through the Kerem abu Salem crossing point
- 0 Trucks received by PRCS through the Erez crossing point.



● Enhancing Community Resilience

Enhanced community resilience through holistic approach including health and social service.



● Rehabilitation and Capacity Building

1,939 Beneficiaries

Rehabilitation Centers: 153

Community Rehabilitation Activities (Mobile Teams): 1,786

Assistive Tools: 0

PRCS teams provide different services for individuals with physical, hearing, and intellectual disabilities, including therapy, special education, family support, and speech therapy, at rehabilitation centers in Khan Younis and Deir al-Balah. Five mobile teams provide the same services across Gaza's five governorates.



● Health



Emergency Medical Services

Providing ambulance and emergency services across all governorates of the West Bank, including occupied Jerusalem.

PRCS conducted First Responder and First Aid courses in AlBireh, Bethlehem, Salfeet, Tulkarem, Hebron and Nablus governorates:



307
Beneficiaries



117



90



6

Martyrs



173

Injuries



3,517

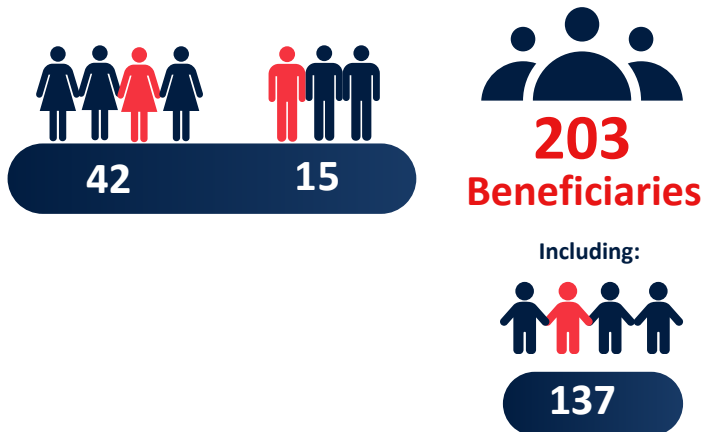
emergency
medical cases





Psychosocial Support

During the reporting period, the teams focused their work in the Jenin and Tulkarem governorates with families who were subjected to forced displacement.



● Relief

- To support economically affected families in the West Bank, PRCS, in cooperation with a number of national societies and the IFRC, distributed food parcels across various areas in the West Bank.



2,968

Food parcels

- PRCS teams distributed the following parcels in the West Bank:

774

Hygiene parcels

235

Dignity parcels

6

Kitchen kits

1,020

water bottles

- PRCS teams also distributed the following items:

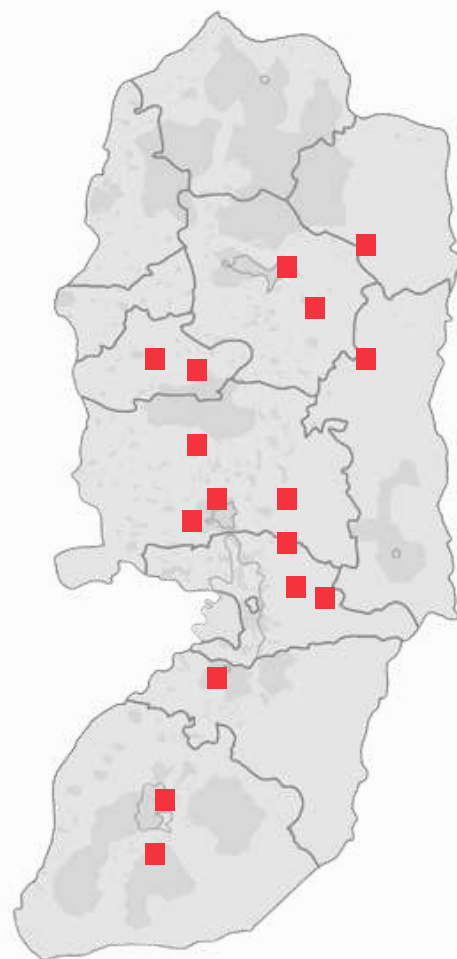
Tents: **3**

Blankets & Mattresses: **231**

Carpets: **20**

Tarpaulins: **5**

Pillows: **99**



- Total number of beneficiaries of food items: **14,840**
- Total number of beneficiaries of all relief items distributed: **7,377**



For inquiries, please send emails
to: opsroom@palestinerics.org

🌐 www.PalestineRCS.org
✉ info@PalestineRCS.org
📱 [f](https://www.facebook.com/PalestineRCS) [i](https://www.instagram.com/PalestineRCS) [X](https://twitter.com/PalestineRCS) @PalestineRCS