

Humanitarian Response Update in the oPT:

Since the beginning of the ceasefire 19/1/2025 until 01/2/2025



The General Situation:

The ceasefire in the Gaza Strip came into effect on January 19, 2025, after 15 months of killing, destruction, displacement, and famine. This contributed to the implementation of the first phase of the agreement and the return of over half a million displaced people to the Gaza and North Gaza governorates, creating an opportunity to increase humanitarian aid. Despite this, challenges remain, such as restrictions on the movement of goods, the entry of essential materials, relief supplies, and medical evacuations. On the other hand, the West Bank witnessed a serious escalation in military operations and settler attacks, particularly in the cities of Jenin and Tulkarem, where forced displacement orders were imposed on hundreds of citizens from their homes, extensive destruction of infrastructure, and disruption of access to basic services. Israeli occupation forces also imposed movement restrictions, setting up about 900 checkpoints, which further complicated the humanitarian situation. There is concern that these measures could create new permanent facts on the ground, necessitating urgent international action to maintain the stability of the ceasefire in Gaza Strip and prevent the worsening of the situation in the West Bank.

Latest updates:



- The Israeli violations have continued after the ceasefire, as the occupation forces committed several breaches during the first hours. They targeted civilians returning to their homes, resulting in the killing of more than 20 people and the injury of dozens. Displaced people waiting to return to the north were also subjected to gunfire by the occupation forces at the Nitsareem checkpoint.

- The humanitarian and relief catastrophe continues due to the disruption of supply access for many months and not all crossings have been reopened.
- Displaced Palestinians continue to return to their homes in the Gaza and North Gaza governorates, using the coastal road (Rasheed Street) for pedestrians after the withdrawal of the occupation forces from it, while Salah al-Din Street has been designated for vehicles.
- In recent days, there have been cases of death among the displaced, particularly the elderly, due to exhaustion and the long distances they are walking in difficult conditions.
- The process of retrieving bodies from under the rubble of destroyed homes continues.



PRCS Humanitarian response in the Gaza Strip:



- PRCS teams have spread along Salah al-Din Street, the route taken by displaced people returning to northern Gaza, and provided urgent medical services, handling emergency cases.
- Nearly 177,000 liters of drinking water have been provided to Palestinians returning to northern Gaza from southern and central areas.
- Mental health teams have provided primary psychological first aid to the displaced.
- As of the date of this report, the organization's teams have received 164 trucks through the Rafah and Kerem Shalom crossings since the ceasefire.

- The teams are working to retrieve the bodies of the bodies from under the rubble in various areas of the Gaza Strip.
- PRCS is working on rehabilitating its facilities and reopening its medical points in northern Gaza governorate to resume providing medical services to Palestinians.
- PRCS has started preparing and rehabilitating Al-Quds Hospital, particularly the emergency and surgery departments, in preparation for receiving patients and injured.
- Awareness brochures about the dangers of unexploded objects have been distributed.
- Ambulance vehicles, accompanied by the WHO, have begun evacuating patients to the Rafah crossing.





The humanitarian situation in the West Bank:

The West Bank, especially the cities of Jenin and Tulkarem, has witnessed a military escalation in recent days, leading to a deterioration of the humanitarian situation in the region. This has resulted in an increase in the number of fatalities and wounded, as well as the destruction of infrastructure and the displacement of many Palestinian families. The Israeli occupation forces have imposed restrictions on the movement of Palestinians, closing military checkpoints between cities and villages, which has disrupted daily life. In addition, a wide-scale arrest campaign has been launched, along with settler attacks on various areas such as Qalqilya, Hebron, and Nablus.

PRCS Humanitarian response in the West Bank:

- EMS teams provided emergency medical services to approximately 274 injured individuals and evacuated 18 fatalities.
- EMS teams transported patients, including those with kidney diseases and critical cases, to hospitals.
- PRCS teams evacuated 4,074 civilians, including the elderly and children, from the cities of Jenin and Tulkarem.
- PRCS provided humanitarian and relief assistance to 914 families, totaling 3,610 individuals.
- Essential medicines were delivered to Ministry of Health centers, particularly in Jenin city and besieged areas.
- Blood units were transported between hospitals to ensure their availability for patients in need.



- Essential medical equipment was provided to families who remain besieged in their homes.
- The Jordanian medical station in Jenin was supplied with water to ensure its continued operation.
- Bottled water was distributed to families in Tulkarem and Jenin areas.
- PRCS psychosocial support teams provided first aid psychological support services to the displaced.